FORTY-FIFTH YEAR.

CAMERON NOT ALONE

In the Silver Transaction and Other Speculations Upon Legislation.

MANY SUDDENLY WEALTHY

Because of Their Inside Knowledge of the Policy of the Leaders of Congress.

MADE A CLEAN BREAST OF IT.

The Pennsylvania Senator Instructed Mr. Vest to Tell the Whole Truth to the Committee.

PROBABLE ACTION IN REITER'S CASE.

New Names Up for the Portfolio of the Treasury, While the Arrangements for Windom's Funeral Are Being Made.

PLANS FOR THE LAST MONTH OF THE SESSION

INPRICIAL TELEGRAMS TO THE DISPATCH. WASHINGTON, Feb. 1 .- So many conflicting stories have been circulated as to the motive which led Senator Vest to tell tales on Don Cameron that the Senator has made a statement of the facts. He says he regrets very much that his testimony before the committee has given Senator Cameron's opponents in Pennsylvania a pretext to abuse and misrepresent him because he had the

and take up the apportionment bill. According to Senator Vest, he went to Senator Cameron after certain interests had accus ed him (Vest) of being a member or a contributer to the pool, and explained the embarrassing position he would be in unless he went before the committee and made a statement. Senator Cameron promptly advised him to do so by all means and tell the whole

courage to vote to lay aside the closure rule

Cameron Wanted the Truth Told.

"Suppose they should ask me if I ever knew of any Senators purchasing silver while the legislation was pending," inouired Senator Vest.

Tell them the truth," replied Senator Cameron, without a moment's hesitation.

Time passed on and Senator Vest went before the committee and had about com pleted the statement when Representative Oates, of Alabama, asked whether he knew any Senator who had purchased silver within a certain period, and he was obliged to answer "yes." Then he related what he knew of his own personal knowledge regarding the transaction between Senator Cameron and Dave Littler. There was no intention on the part of Senator Vest, he says, to injure Senator Cameron, and the latter, who fully understands that, is not as much disturbed over the matter as some of his friends.

A Factional Fight in Missouri

The facts seem to be that Representative Dockery, of Missouri, who instigated the investigation, is an aspirant for the Democratic numination for Governor, and he is especially unfriendly to Senator Vest. It is alleged that Mr. Dockery hoped to implicate Senator Vest in the pool transactions, knowing him to be a personal friend of Senator Cameron. There is no evidence yet, however, to show that Senator Vest speculated in silver, and then Mr. Dockery undertook, so it is charged by Senator Vert's friends, to make it appear that he (Dockerv) fixed things so as to induce Senator Cameron to vote against closure.

For one thing, the attempt of the special committee of the House of Representatives to ascertain the facts relative to alleged existence of a silver pool has drawn attention to the general subject of gambling among men in public life. It was the opinion of all persons about Washington who have their eyes open, even before this investigation was heard of, that there are a considerable number of members of both Houses of Coneress who dent in stocks and margins and who constantly speculate in commodities the market of which is affected by legislation which they help to enact.

How Some Have Become Wealthy It is well known also that many men in public life who have become wealthy since

being sworn into office acquired their wealth by reason of being able to speculate upon their knowledge of probable legislation. It Silver Pool Committee manages to uncover a lew men in Congress who invested their money in silver on the probability of a rise in its value upon the passage of a free silver coinage law.

It is not at all unlikely that the testimony ill develop the fact that other public men than Senator Cameron have had a hand in speculation. But if it be true that public pointees to the office of Secretary of the nen in Washington indulge in gambling of this sort, it is equally true that public opin- S. Lacey, of Michigan, the present ion has long ago driven from the capital Controller of the Currency. He cannot be public men were in the habit of gathering night after night and openly risking their oney upon the turn of a card. There is not in Washington to-day what is generally known as a gambling resort. There is not, so far as the public knows, a single faro bank or roulette wheel in operation, and the men who gamble do so in their private apartments or in the rooms of hotels and other places which the public and the law have no right to enter.

The Great American Game.

Poker playing is, of course, as popular as ever as an amusement in Washington. Games may came and game may go, but poker is the only species of card gambling that has taken a lasting hold upon the affections of Washingtonians. A few years ogo the game of hearts was dragged from oblivion and for a time seemed to threaten the supremacy of the great American game. Hearts had its day, but that day is gone and poker again reigns supreme. It is more popular than ever, and it is rare that quiet little game indulge in any other

Poker is played in the clubs universally, and some pretty big stories are told about games for high stakes indulged by Senators and Representatives, officers of the army and navy, civilian officials and men about town. There are many cliques of these men who play so constantly that the games are almost continuous, and names are given to distinguish them. There are, for instance, the army game, the navy game, the dudes' game, the club game, the hotel game, the official game and the senatorial game.

Playing of the Toga Wearers. The last game is the one which attracts the most attention. Time and again denials have been made, apparently based on good authority, that any Senatorial game exists. The fact is, however, and it is well known by everybody who keeps posted on what is going on in Washington, that there is a Senatorial game, and that it is in progress almost constantly night and day for several months in each year.
This game is as well known to men who

play cards as any of the theaters or hotels are, and during the time when Congress is in session any man who is properly intro-duced can join this little game and be asspred of meeting formen worthy of his steel. The Senatorial game is located in a so-called hotel up town, and is composed, as regular players, of some of the most prominent and well known men in the Senate

These men form what is known as the charter members of the club, and those who are taken in from time to time are called recruits. There are three or four members of the House who are almost daily seated at the Senatorial game and, strangely enough, two of them have never been suspected of playing by their colleagues.

One of the Members of the Pool. One of them is a member from Chicago, and in addition to being a poker player, it is said that he is a member of the alleged silver pool, and that his persistent efforts to secure increased coinage of silver at the last session were largely due to his heavy in-vestments in bullion. The third member of the House who belongs to the Senatorial game is the representative of a rural constituency in Kansas, and there is probably not one man in the House who has not personal knowledge on the subject who would believe for an instant that this man ever saw a game of poker.

Yet, according to the statement of one of the constant participants in the game, this hayseed member is one of the most expert players who ever opened a jackpot. He has a face that no man can read and an appear-ance of utter childlike innocence. It is said that he played like a vulture, not for amuse-ment, but for money, and that when en-deavoring to free his competitors out of their cash he takes no note of time and cares not to either eat or drink.

Senator Cameron is still at Fortress Monroe, and will remain there possibly a few days longer. His friends here say he is highly gratified by the action of the Penn-sylvania Legislature, and quite willing to support the elections bill according to in-structions, early and otten, whenever it comes before the Senate. It is said that Edmunds, Hoar and Aldrich have all declared they will never speak to or in any way recognize Senator Cameron again, but even if this be true, it will hardly do serious injury to Mr. Cameron's feelings, as he is known to have very little use for any of the

HOUSE OF MOURNING.

ONLY A FEW CALLERS WERE AT THE WINDOM HOME SUNDAY.

Thousands of People, However, Take a Passcient Burial Ground in Which the Resins Will Be Interred To-Day.

[FROM A STAFF CORRESPONDENT,] WASHINGTON, Feb. 1 .- The callers at the residence of the dead Secretary of the respondence and other information in Treasury were very few to-day, and confined his possession in regard to the case of Commander Reiter. Mr. Dalzell has thousands of citizens and visitors walked and drove past the place, to have a glimpse of the home of the official who died so tragically at a great feast, and who was one of the most popular Cabinet officers ever known to the Washington public. The residence of the late Secretary is a magnificent brown Massachusetts avenue. It was stone, on not owned by him, but was rented. It is in full sight of the mansion on Scott Circle, which he had erected for his residence years ago, and which was the means of defeating his re-election to the Senate. Pictures of it were circulated throughout his State, show-ing what a grand house he had built and lived in, and none of the rural members of the Legislature dared to vote for him Massachusetts avenue is now one of the most

ashionable promenades.

Ancient Rock Creek Cemetery, where the remains will be interred, is situated on a beautiful slope, a part of which is occupied by the National Cemetery, directly north of the Soldiers' Home, It is an eighteenth century burial ground, with a quaint eighteenth century church built of brick imported from England surrounded with old brick tombs with memorial slabs laid horizontally and shaded by magnificent on trees. Not tax from the church is the clergyman's house, embowered among and vines, the open spaces thickly set with bechives, the whole a striking counterpar of the old English glebe mansions.

On a pretty slope, close to the main drive of this cemetery, friends of the late Secretary selected a spot which will be the burial ground of the family. It is not far from the marble vault where lie the remains of Francis P. and Montgomery Blair, and a little above it, toward the church, are several brick vaults, decayed and ivycovered, in which are entombed some of the will not be surprising, therefore, if the earliest of the distinguished families of Washington.

ANOTHER CANDIDATE.

Controller Lacey Mentioned for th Treasury Vacancy.

PEPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH. WASHINGTON, Feb. 1 .- Another name has been added to the list of probable ap-Treasury. This time it is Edward his friends are considering the advisability of at once urging his name upon the President. Secretary Windom enter-tained the very highest opinion of Controller Lacey's ability as a sound and practica financier, and especial value was attached to his last annual report, which is said by the Treasury officials and financial authorities in Congress to be one of the strongest documents ever issued from the Treasury Department.

Mr. Lucey's views on the money question are in accord with those of the late Secre-tary Windom, and the two men were in onstant consultation on financial question during the past year.

WORK OF CONGRESS.

It Is Thought That It Can Be Completed by

March 4. WASHINGTON, Feb. 1 .- The Senate is shaping its business with a firm determination to adjourn March 4, without leaving behind it the necessity for an extra session. The fortification bill comes up to-morrow as the unfinished business, men in Washington who sit done for a and the pension appropriation bill,

now on the calendar, and the District of Columbia appropriation bill, soon to be reported, will follow in order. Sandwiched between the above named appropriation bills will probably be the eight-hour bill and the copyright bill.

Mr. Bland and other House free coinage silver men are growing more restive daily

silver men are growing more restive daily at the failure of the Coinage Committee to act on the Senate silver bill, and have an-

act on the Senate silver bill, and have announced their determination, if the committee does not settle the matter at the next regular meeting on Wednesday, to precipitate the fight to the floor of the House without waiting for a committee report.

While the present condition of the appropriation bills is not encouraging, as compared with previous Congresses, no doubt is entertained of the ability of Congress to complete its absolute necessary legislation before noon of March 4.

THE CENSUS QUEEN.

WOMAN NAMED SMITH WHO SEEMS TO HAVE UNDISPUTED SWAY.

perior Officers Forced to Resign Becaus of a Dispute With Her-Ordinary Regulations Do Not Apply—The Transfer of

PEPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH. WASHINGTON, Feb. 1.-It has been any years since a woman welded as much power in a small way as does Mrs. Kate Smith, known as the Queen of the Census Office, who was recently requested to remove her home from the Elsmore Hotel. Her field is small and her official status is not high, but no puny official dares to oppose her. She is the second assistant chief of the eleventh division of the census office, which has charge of the subjects of farms, loans and mortgages. Her salary is \$1,600 a year, but her gorgeous wardrobe and mode of living would indicate that she had some other source of revenue. Some time ago her immediate chief, the first as-sistant, incurred her antipathy, and there was a struggle between the two as to which should be victorious. The first assistant re-

She comes and goes whenever she likes She comes and goes whenever she likes and is not restricted in this respect by the stringent rule which is supposed to be enforced against all. This rule was issued by the Secretary of the Interior, with the injunction that there should be no favoritism and that all should be kept to the regular office hours of from 9 to 4. The watchman in charge of this particular division adhered faithfully to these instrucvision adhered faithfully to these instruc-tions, and, consequently, Mrs. Smith's name often appeared among the delinquents and absentees. This fact eventually came to the notice of the Secretary, who complained sharply of this infraction upon the rules of the bureau. Mrs. Smith did not like this notoriety, but still did not want to have her freedom restrained. Accordingly she re-monstrated with the duti'ul watchman in her capacity of second assistant chief, but that proved to be ineffectual.

Finally there was a grand flare-up be-tween the two, and Mrs. Smith appealed to her chief. She was listened to, and the watchman was summarily removed to another branch of the service, and by a special dispensation she remains unmolested so far as her coming and going are con-cerned. She has been universally dubbed the "Queen of the Census Office," and her influence with the chief officers of the burean is the subject of much comment. It is said that she is uneducated and ill-fitted to occupy the office that she holds. It is re-ported that she comes from New York, but her political backing is unknown.

DALZELL WORKING FOR REITER.

He May Try to Bring the Case Up in the House To-Day.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 1 .- Representative Dalzell hopes to get an opportunity to-morrow to present to the House his proposed resolution calling on the Secretary of the Navy to give to the House all the corhoroughly canvassed the House on the subiest and his proposition to overhaul the case is received with general favor, but the difficulty has been to get a time. This may be overcome to-morrow. Representative Mc-Kenna, of California, is similarly interested in ex-Minister Mizner, and is endeavoring to get through a resolution calling for the correspondence, etc., in his case. The two representatives, working toward the same

point, may succeed. Both of the secretaries, but especially the Secretary of the Navy in the case of Conmander Reiter, have been severely criticized in official and civil circles for their severe and perecuptory action, and many naval officers, who are probably more thoroughly versed in such matters than Secretary Tracy, have privately given to THE DISPATCH ndent their opinions that Commander Reiter acted exactly within the regulations, and the Secretary's treatment of him was barsh and unwarranted. It is very discouraging, however, at this date of the short session to attempt to get any wrong righted through the intervention of Congress.

TRYING TO FREEZE OUT BLAINE.

Reed and McKinley Refuse to Even Conside the Reciprocity Measures.

[FROM A STAFF CORRESPONDENT.] WASHINGTON, Feb. 1 .- Blaine's friends are considerably stirred up over the state ment made vesterday by Representative Mo Creary, of Kentucky, from the Committee on Foreign Relations, that the Committee on Rules had refused hitherto to provide any ime for consideration of even one of the many bills reported by the committee providing for reciprocity with various foreign countries in accordance with the reciprocity passage of the tariff bill. As Mr. Reed, M McKinley and Mr. Cannon are the Repub-lican majority of the Committee on Rules, Mr. Blaine's friends appear to think that their refusal to fix a day for reciprocity measures is a direct blow at Mr. Blaine and his pet scheme, and that McKinley is taking this method of avenging himself on Mr. Blaine for the latter's remark that there was nothing in the McKinley bill that would enable a farmer to sell one more bushel o wheat or one more barrel of pork.

It is well known that Speaker Reed does not hold the Secretary of State in very high estimation, and that reciprocity met with little favor at the hands of the leading Republicans of the House. It is, therefore, assumed that the Committee on Rules, for the several reasons hinted at, have con-cluded to crush by refusing to consider them, any of the 17 bills, which are said by all high protectionists to be just 17 step toward free trade.

THE VACANT PORTFOLIO.

John C. New the Latest Subject of Gossi for the Place. WASHINGTON, Feb. 1 .- In pointing out

the impossibility of securing anyone to succeed the late Secretary Windom from a distance within ten days, the Post to-day distance within ten days, the Post to-day says:

The President opens wide the door for speculation, and to those who read between the lines his determination to place John C. New, of Indiana, now Consul General at London, at the head of the Treasury Department, seems apparent, Mr. New was very desirious of entering the Cabinet, and it was thought that at one time he had the Treasury in his grasp. Since he has been in London he has been in correspondence with Secretary Windom and the President on financial matters and his qualifications are such as to admit of no doubt regarding his ability to fill the position. That Indiana has already one Cabinet officer wouldn't, in all probability, deter the President from appointing his friend to the vacant secretaryship,

FEBRUARY PITTSBURG. MONDAY,

The Saloons of That Country Will Be Regulated by Law.

GERMANY TO TRY IT.

DRUNKENNESS TO BE SUPPRESSED.

Emperor William Anxious to Restrain the Sale of Liquor.

A SEVERE PENALTY FOR OFFENDERS

IBY DUNLAP'S CABLE COMPANY.1 BERLIN, Feb. 1 .- It is expected that general law for the suppression of drunkenness will be enacted and put in force in all the States of the German confederation before the year is ended. A bill on the subject has been prepared by the Prussian Government and has received the approval of the Emperor, who, from the day he succeeded to the throne, has persistently demanded some restrictions upon the sale of intoxicating liquors.

For nearly three years the Government ministers have been engaged in collecting statistics and evidence on the points concerned, and decisions at last arrived at have already been sanctioned by the Bundesrath. The bill decrees the withdrawal of saloon licenses and the imposition of fines upo saloon keepers who encourage persons of in ebriate habits.

The drunkards themselves will be fined i they are poor, so as to prevent them from in dulging in the vice of intemperance, and terms of imprisonment are to be imposed in cases where a monetary fine would presum ably not have the desired effect.

GERMAN EDUCATION.

The Poorer Class Furnishes the Moral In struments of the Country.

[BY DUNLAP'S CABLE COMPANY.] BERLIN, Feb. 1 .- While talking to adyanced thinkers about the School of Reform Movement, a gentleman took from his pocket a statistical review, based upon official reports, to prove that the poorer classes have their share of university education, in spite of the assertions to the contrary by Socialist agitators, their favorite studies being theology and philosophy. For every 695 larmers, for every 516 artisans, for every 164 of the mercantile and professional classe and every 603 capitalists, there is one university student. Fifty-four per cent of the students whose fathers belong to the laborclasses study theology; 234 per cent take up jurisprudence or medicine and 40 per cent adopt philosophy.

Among the sons of the lower grade of

public officials the per cent is as follows: Theology, 52; medicine and jurisprudence, 3 per cent, and philosophy, 42 per cent. It would seem, therefore, that the Government draws its chief moral instruments, namely, the clergy and the school teachers, mainly from the very classes whose ethical and in tellectual enlightenment constitutes the greatest danger to a monarchial regime,

A CANCEROUS MALADY.

It Is Thought Emperor William Is At flicted as His Father Was.

originated in the fact that most American before coming to Berlin stop en route in Paris, and thereby become impregnated with false or interested French notions in regard to the German Emperor, but the pallor on the Emperor's face tells its own

The affectation in the ear is taking an aggravated form, and last week the Empero was three days in bed and saw no one, excepting on the most urgent business. His ndisposition was kept a profound secret, and may have been only of a temporar character, but on the other hand there is strong ground for believing that this promsing scion of the Hohenzollern family, like his father, is afflicted with some cancerous

CRISPI'S RESIGNATION. But Two German Papers Have Anything to Say of It.

IBT DUNLAP'S CABLE COMPANY.] BERLIN, Feb. 1 .- Only two papers com-

ment upon Signor Crispi's resignation. The Sageblatt says that the Prime Minister's retirement will not more affect the triple alliance than did Bismarck's dismissal, Crispi's successor will be forced to follow the policy of his predecessor, or he will jeopardize the most sacred interests of

The Boersen Courier says that the tripl alliance is a necessity for Italy, recognized by the Government and Parliament alike. Crispi and his opponents will not remain at enmity forever, and the change of ministry involves no change in international rela-

A MILLION OF BOTTLES Turned Out as Receptacles for Dr. Koch's Consumption Cure.

[BY DUNLAP'S CABLE COMPANY.] BERLIN, Feb. 1 .- An idea of the greatess of the demand for Dr. Koch's lymph may be had from the official report of the Doehern glass works, which states that 1,000,000 of five gramme bottles for holding the lymph were ordered, and have been made by the company since November. They are made of a very fine glass of a specially good quality, and are furnished with airtight glass stoppers.

DIPLOMATS SURPRISED Over the Bering Sea Negotiations Not Being Resumed.

IBT DUNLAP'S CABLE COMPANY. LONDON, Feb. 1 .- To the great surprise of diplomatists the negotiations regarding the Bering Sea difficulty has not been re sumed. Mr. Lincoln has not yet seen Lord Salisbury, though it is nearly a fortnight since he arrived from Washington.

Both Governments are awaiting the result of the "Sayward" appeal.

VICTORIA'S FLORENCE VISIT. The Queen Not Liable to Make It Beca Typhoid Fever. I BY DUNLAP'S CABLE COMPANY.

LONDON, Feb 1 .- The Queen sent a spe cial commissioner to. Florence, Italy, to report upon the typhoid fever scare. He brought back word to the effect that the fever had abated, but since his return the epidemic has increased, so that it is not probable that Her Majesty will fulfil her inention of visiting that city.

WANTED MORE PUDDING.

upon he swore that he would never touch food again, and has since lived on water

only. Last Friday the physicians chloro-formed him and poured two cups of milk down his throat. When the lad came to himself he ate a hearty meal.

He says that he kept himself alive by drinking water and sleeping only, as he had neither money to have nor friends to give neither money to buy, nor friends to give him food, so that there could have been no deception nor collusion in the matter.

RESTITUTION WANTED. German Socialists Think They Should Be Paid for Property Seized.

IBY DUNLAP'S CABLE COMPANT. BERLIN, Feb. 1 .- The fact that the Government, under the influence of a transitory sense of justice, is talking about restoring the salaries of Catholic bishops and priests sequestered during the Kultur Kampf, has emboldened the Socialists to raise a cry of restitution on their own account. They claim that under the regime of Prince Bis-marck 100,000 marks belonging to Socialist societies or individuals were confiscated by the police at one time or another, and that an incalculable amount of Socialist litera-ture was destroyed. Newspapers were suppressed and private and public institutions onging to the party were abolished. For all these rayages of the Iron Chancel for the Socialists desire to be compensated and they think that the present melting mood of the Government offers them an excellent

PARNELL AT ENNIS He Declares Ireland Will Soon Have Own Parliament.

opportunity for sliding in their claims.

IBY DUNLAP'S CABLE COMPANT. DUBLIN, Feb. 1 .- Parnell spoke at Eunis o-day in the following stirring and de-

termined words: "We stand now without doubt on the threshold of real legislative independence. Our native country, Ireland, now as always, stands fast to her claim to be sovereign within her own kingdom. She refuses to stand any English vetoes and declines to obey the orders of any English Minister, as far as her own busiof any English Minister, as far as her own busi-ness is concerned. While always ready to give a guarantee that no harm can possibly result to the great imperial interests of the United Kingdom by the confession to Ireland of legitimate freedom and independence, on the other hand Irishmen are determined that the solution of the problem is to be not merely a treatyof peace between two nations, but a real and lasting settlement of a waved question. treatyof peace between two nations, but a real and lasting settlement of a vexed question.

"In a few days you shall know the truth of my present declaration; you shall know that you have won a settlement of the question, which shall be everlastingly creditable to your patriotism. You will have a Parliament which will not be a mere mockery, a body of puppets; but will possess real power to protect the interests of every class of the people. Power, if need be, to settle the land question; to secure the disarmament of the Irish constabulary and to convey it from a standing army of occupation to a civil force of protection."

TROUBLE AT OPORTO ENDED. Have Possession of the City and

Many Arrests Are Made. y Associated Press. 1

OPORTO, Feb. 1 .- Perfect quiet reigned in this city to-day. Government re-enforcements have arrived from all parts of the country. Three hundred civilians and soldiers were arrested to-day. All of the Republican clubs have been closed, and all of the Re-publican newspapers have been seized by

he Government. The front of the Town Hall and several flicted as His Father Was.

INT DUNLAP'S CABLE COMPANY.]

BERLIN, Feb. 1.—The Kaiser absolutely dislikes being made the object of pity on account of his bedily ailments. There may be some ground for this extraordinary precautionary measure, and I am told that it originated in the fact that most Americans rendered themselves were con-veyed aboard a man-of-war to-day. It is estimated that 24,000 shots from rifles and machine guns were fired during the fighting. Several more insurgents to-day submitted to the authorities, have arrested an actor named Verdial, who read the insurgent's proclamation of the Portuguese Republic from a balcony of the

town ball. Prof. Koch's Farewell Reception BERLIN-Prof. Koch, who is about to tart for Egypt, gave a farewell reception his laboratory assistants to-day. The Professor says that he will probably be absent from Berlin about three months. He explains that he only partially disclosed the method of producing lymph ecause he desired to stop the rush of doctors

If he had described the method of manufacturing more fully, he says, he would have been more worried about the details. Great discontent prevails among medical men regarding the published account of the method of manufacture of the lymph. They have made numberless attempts to produce the lymph, but they find Prof. Koch's description totally inadequate to enable them to make it general.

SAMUEL BUTLER DEAD.

THE EX-STATE TREASURER PASSES AWAY AFTER MUCH SUFFERING.

His Life Was a Busy One, Most of It Being Spent in the Service of the State-His Phenomenal Majority for Treasurer-Other Offices Held.

ISPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATOR 1 WEST CHESTER, PA., Feb. 1 .- Samuel Butler, who was at one time Treasurer of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, died this afternoon about 3 o'clock at his residence in this borough. Mr. Butler had for some time been a great sufferer from stomach troubles, that defied the skill of his attending physicians. His illness was long and

severe, and it was known several weeks ago that his death was only the question of a Mr. Butler was 65 years of age. He was orn in this county and has been more or less intimately connected with public affairs during his whole life. He was elected to the Lower House of the Legislature in 1876, and in 1878 was re-elected for a second term. In 1879 he was elected State Treasurer by a majority which was then regarded as phenomenal, it reaching about 58,600. For years prior to that time he had one the directors of the National Bank of Downington. When the Farmers' National Bank of West Chester began business he was elected its President, a position to which he has been annually re-elected since. He has also been

the Chester County Guarantee Trust and Safe Deposit Company.

He was one of the four sons of James and Mary Butler. One of his surviving brothers is William Butler, who is now United States District Judge for the Eastern District of

Pennsylvania, Auditor Pavey Talks About the Consolid BLEW OUT HIS BRAINS.

Henry Wolf Pade His Life After a Oney rel With His Wife. SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCEL |

Socialist Secrets Given Away By Many European Agents.

SHEVITCH IS DENOUNCED AS ONE

By His Old Associates, Who Are Extremely Bitter Toward Him.

HE STRONGLY DENIES THE CHARGE

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 1 .- The radical ring of the Socialist movement in this city is in a flurry of excitement, caused by the statement of one of their leaders that for some months past a number of spies have been in their midst. This announcement, although made only a few days ago, is practically the culmination of an inquiry which has been going on for over a year. Ever since Sergius Shevitch left for Europe a suspicion has been growing in the minds of many of his co-workers that he was a spy in their ranks, and, further, that he was the chief of a band of spies in the pay of the German Government.

Since his departure, Shevitch's friends have been active in denouncing this story as a fabrication, and are overjoyed at the receipt of a letter from Shevitch, dated Riga, explaining his position and satisfying them completely of his innocence of the chargea. It is now stated by those who made the charge against Shevitch that there are other spies at work, and that there is evidence that they have in the past reported directly to Shevitch. Shevitch was known as a leader among the radical Socialists, and his extreme views have, on many occasions, engendered the most bitter strife in the Socialists party. st party.

Branded as a Spy. Time after time he has been estranged from the Socialist Labor party, and the leaders of the German movement, who have leaders of the German movement, who have great influence here, have at every opportunity denounced him; in fact, William Liebknecht, the head of the German Socialists, has branded him as a "blackhearted spy." In this city the charge against Shevitch, and his denial, are being discussed freely, and the friends and enemies of the famous leader are about equally di-But since it has been stated that other

spies are at work the excitement has in-creased. A prominent Socialist said to-night: "This is not the first time we have had spies to deal with, and it will probably not be the last. I am sure, however, that there are both men and women posing as Socialists who are informers, and who send to the Government they represent all the information they can get as to the men engaged in the work here and in the old coun-

try."
"With what object?" queried the re-"In order to get such an acquaintance with the movement at home as they could not possibly obtain there. Shevitch, I am sure, had something behind his life that he never wished to be known. He was never with us in the full sense of the word.

Work of the Spies. "He was always apart from the work proper He had the confidence of the people cer tainly, that is of a certain class, but thos who knew him besttrusted him least During the troubles which preceded the Haymarket affair, and which ended in the hanging of allair, and which ended in the hanging of the seven Anarchists, Chicago was a hothed

do anything to further their own ends. "The Socialist Labor party has no co nection with these people, and yet it is classed with them by the public generally. It was by the aid of spies in this country that the German Government managed suppress our paper, and when we issued it from Switzerland to know who edited it and

where to locate it.
"Further than this, numbers of our party who return to Europe are subjected to all the persections possible. They are followed step by step, and the time they leave country and the ship they sail on is all sen ahead. I have no hesitation in saying that almost all the troubles with the police in Germany which Socialists have are primar ily traceable to American spies.'

A Female Russian Agent. A Russian Anarchist, who is well-know in the meetings held every Sunday at Tenth and South streets, said: "Spies? Oh, yes, we knew there were lots of them in this country. They come in our meeting and in our 'groups,' and all we do is well known. Why, at one meeting we had on November 11 last year, at which Mrs. Parsons spoke there was a woman spy, who is now living in New York. She has been in the move ment and is now going back to Russia. "Why is she going away? Because she can do nothing, for we know what she is, but when she gets back she will go to our

friends and begin work afresh." "What do you think of Shevitch?"
"I don't know him, but I do know that among the Socialist Democrats there are lots of men and women who watch us and give away all they can get. This is the way the International Working People's Association was broken up, and now they want to hurt us again. I know that in our meet ings are spies," added the Anarchist, "and I know that our friends in Russia are being arrested on information which could come from nobody except a spy in this country but as these spies go back to Russia we know what to do with them. We remember our friends and know how to punish our

"Explain your meaning." "No. I will explain nothing. We know our danger and are willing to take the con sequences.

SUGAR TRUST TROUBLES. They Break Out Afresh Over the Dismiss

of Old Employes. SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH. NEW YORK, Feb. 1 .- It was thought in Wall street that when the old Sugar Trus was reorganized a couple of weeks ago the troubles of those interested in the trust would be at an end. It was announced to-day that H. O. Havemeyer and his friends, who are in the ascendant, had decided to part with certain employes. It so happened that these employes had always been in the service of the F. O. Matthiessen & Wiecher's Sugar

Refining Company, a prominent corporation

In the trust.

John J. Jurgensen, Vice President of the Matthiessen Company, has been dismissed.

His salary has been \$25,000 a year, and he is a willionaire. The next important change since its organization one of the directors of is the departure of R. T. Rich, for 17 years he salesman for the Matthiessen Company. The salary of Mr. Rich was \$10,000 a year I welve clerks, with an average salary of \$2,500 a year, were also turned adrift.

WHY THE COMPANY FAILED.

Fire Insurance Company. SPRINGFIELD, Feb. 1 .- Auditor C. W

Pavey, when informed of the statement WANTED MORE PUDDING.

Because He Was Befused It, a Boy Does the Fasting Act.

[BY DUNLAF'S CABLE COMPANY.]

BERLIN, Feb. 1.—The son of a carpenter named Rianthal, living in Rackwitz, named Rianthal, living in Rackwitz, Silesia, a lad of 20 years, was refused a second plateful of pudding at diamer, where—

"FRICIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCE.]

SCIO, O., Feb. 1.—Henry Wolf committed Solid, and overcome as in Suicide here last night by shooting, after was due to his arbitrary and unwarranted rulings, said such charges were untrue. When an examination was made, as required by law, and the company's assets by special assessment. At the end of that time

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"FRICIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCE.]

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"FIGURE PUDDING.

SCIO, O., Feb. 1.—Henry Wolf committed Solid, Scio, O., Feb. 1.—Henry Wolf committed Insurance Company that the failure was due to his arbitrary and unwarranted rulings, said such charges were untrue. When an examination was made, as required by law, and the company's assets by refused Christian burial by the town trustings, and disbursements of £28,621. The receipts of the Consolidated Mutual Fire Insurance Company that the failure was due to his arbitrary and unwarranted rulings, said such charges were untrue. When an examination was made, as required by law, and the company's assets by refused Christian burial by the town trustings. Committee, Israel Von Bauelen.

The Treature's report showed receipts of Coumittee, Israel Von Bauelen.

The Treature's report showed receipts of Coumittee, Israel Von Bauelen.

The Treature's report showed receipts of the endowment fund disbursements \$10,156. The receive endowment fund of the Grand Lodge is limited to of the officers of the Consolidated Mutual

SPIES AMONG THEM. a further extension of 40 days was asked and he had given 20 days.

Special examination of the company's affairs November 14, 1890, shows the total

assets at that time were \$35,865. There were unadmitted assets of \$3,597, mostly premiums over three months past due. The liabilities were \$75,079. The assessment deposite notes on contingent liability of mem-bers footed up \$289,604. This showed a de-ficiency of assets of cash funds as compared with the liabilities of \$39,213.

Auditor Pavey said there had been more complaints against this company in the last three months than against all the others, and that they should have been closed up

MISS POTTS' SAD DEATH.

DAUGHTER OF A WELL-KNOWN NEW YORKER DIES FROM MORPHINE,

Prescription for Quinine and Morphine Given by a Medical Student-The Druggist May Have Made a Mistake and Reversed the Proportions.

NEW YORK, Feb. 1 .- Miss Helen Potts. daughter of George H. Potts, the wealthy railroad and mine owner, who lives at Ashbury Park, and has an office at 40 Wall street, died suddenly this morning in the boarding school of Miss Lydia Day from morphine poisoning. Miss Potts who was a beautiful and accomplished girl, 20 years old, had been an inmate of Miss Day's school for about a year, finishing her education. She had been troubled with nervousness and insomnia for some time, and had received a prescription from Carlyle W. Harris, a medical student and a warm personal friend of herself and her family.

family

Thy

tion called for 25 grains of
quir

an of morphine, to be
made resolved one of which was to
be taken
put up at Mc.
avenue. Mr. Hardy of the
capsules and gave the
capsules and gave the
mr. Harris left own for Old recomfort
and while there he received a letter from and while there he received a letter from Miss Potts, saying that the medicine had given her a severe headache. On Thursday last Mr. Harris returned to the city and calling on hiss Potts told her to continue taking the capsules.

Last evening the young lady took another

capsule, and at 11 o'clock her roommates were awakened by her heavy breathing and they found her almost unconscious. Medical aid was at once summoned, and the doctors pronounced the patient to be suffering from narcotic poisoning. They worked with vigor, and restored her by 3 o'clock in the morning, leaving her at that time out of all danger. At 4 o'clock they were again summoned, to find her at the point of death.

All their efforts were unavailing, and she died at 11 o'clock this morning.

There are several theories as to the cause of death. The prescription may have been put up by an inexperienced druggist, who substituted morphine for quinine, the whole grain of morphine might have got into one capsule, or the girl might have had the prescription renewed and died of the cumuative action of a large number of the capsules. The Coroner has charge of the case and a thorough investigation will be made.

RACE RIOT IN CHICAGO.

Greeks, Italians, Arabs and Negroes Engage

in Deadly Combat. CHICAGO, Feb. 1 .- In a tenement house affair, and which ended in the hanging of the seven Anarchists, Chicago was a hotbed of foreign spies, and in a, measure, I think justly, for the avowed intention of these men who call themselves Socialists, and really are nothing but lazy loafers, was to kill immates. One man will die and several situated in the Italian quarter and occupied pitted against Italy and Africa. Knives, pistols, shovels and other articles of warfare were freely used. M. Trod, a Greek was out most severed from his body. Francisco Bartre, another Greek, received two ugly knife thrusts in his right side. The fight was ecoming general when the police arrived and charged the mob rescuing Trod and Bartre who were removed to the hospital.

Four others were locked up.

When the police withdrew with their prisoners, hostilities were recommenced. Smarting under their defeat, the Greeks and Arabs took up a position on the fourth floor of the building, keeping watch over the paling surrounding the light shatt, and awaited developments. The appearance of the first Italian on the lower floor was the signal for attack, and a per:ect fusilade of bullets whistled around the unfortunate Italian's ears. Beating a hasty retreat, he summoned his forces, but the trouble was quelled by the police without further dam-

AFTER A SHORT ILLNESS.

George Jacobs, a Well-Known Den

Dies at Harrisburg. SERVICIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATORS HARRISBURG, Feb. 1 .- George Jacobs of Mifflin, Juniata county, died in this city to-day after an illness of eight days. The remains were this afternoon taken to Mifflin. where they will be interred on Wednesday

at 2 P. M. Mr. Jacobs was a clossmate at Princton of United States Senator-elect Irby, of South Carolina, in 1874. He was 38 years old. Until a few years ago he had been the law partner of Congressman Atkinson, and at the time of his death was the solicitor of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company for the county in which he had lived. Mr. Jacobs took an active part in political affairs. As the opponent of Dr. Atkinson for Congresss in the district now represented by that gen-tleman, he reduced the Republican majority naterially, as he did when he was the Dem ocratic candidate for State Senator.

ENJOYING THEMSELVES.

The Sioux Chiefs Are Having a Great Time

WASHINGTON, Feb. 1 .- The delegation of Sioux Indians who are here to confer with "The Great Father" about their grievances are enjoying all the pleasures of sightseeing, and every effort is being made by those who are in charge of them to render their trip to the Capitol enjoyable. On Monday night the chiefs will occupy four boxes at the National Theater as the guests of Manager Canby, of Francis Wilson's Comic Opera Company.

As none of the hostiles have ever been in ter or seen a theatrical performance of

THE ORDER OF S'NAI B'RITH.

any description, the glittering spectacle of the "Merry Monarch" will doubtless be

District Grand Lodge Meets at Milwanker and Elects Officers.

a decided novelty to them.

MILWAUKEE, Feb. 1 .- The District Grand Lodge of the B'nai B'rith met in convention here to-day and elected the following officers: President, Leon Schlosser. of Chicago; Vice Presidents, Max Asher, of Milwaukee, M. N. Hausman, of Grand Rapids, Mich.; Treasurer, M. Michaelis, of

THREE CENTS. BLOODY BOYCOTT

Riotous White Miners in Central Alabama Kill Negroes Who

TAKE THE PLACE OF STRIKERS

Conflicting Reports as to the Exact Num-

ber of Fatalities.

STATE TROOPS NOW UPON THE SCENE

ISPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATCH. BIRMINGHAM, ALA., Feb. 1 .- Carbon Hill, a mining center 30 miles from here, is in the hands of rioters. The first bloodshed occurred on Friday night. Then four negroes were shot dead and five others severely wounded, three of them perhaps fatally. The nine negroes were surrounded while asteep in their cabin and shot down before they had an opportunity to escape or offer

Two companies of State troops have been ordered out by the Governor. There has een more blood shed to-day, but it seems impossible to learn the extent of it. From the most reliable reports obtainable it seems that not less than eight or ten negroes have been killed, and possibly more. A number of white men who have been concerned in the shooting have banded together and defy arrest. The reports from these by wire are meager and conflicting, leading to the belief

that the facts are being suppressed. Many More Reported Killed.

A train from Memphis on the Kansas City, Memphis and Birmingham Railroad, which arrived here at 9 o'clock, passed Carbon Hill between 5 and 6. The trainmen report that seven negroes were killed in the cabin Friday night instead of four as at first reported, and that nine more were killed last night.

One dispatch from there, received early this evening, says the only trouble since the shooting Friday night was that a white man, named Murray, last night shot two negroes, killing one of them and badly wounding the other. Murray and his friends then banded together and defied arrest. Other reports by wire say that more negroes were killed, while one says none These conflicting reports lead to the belief

that the mob are doctoring all dispatches

sent out. The train men who came in to-night state positively that 16 in all have been killed, and that more would be shot to-night, unless they all left town. The town of Carbon Hill is two miles from the ratiroad station, and when the train passed there this morning, not a white man was to be seen at the depot, except the agent. As a rule there is always a crowd at train time. No passengers got on there to-day. Asking for the Aid of Troops This morning the Mayor of Carbon Hill wired Governor Jones at Montgomery asking for troops to help preserve the peace. Several messages passed between the two officials and this afternoon the Governor

ordered the Birmingham Rifles and Jefferconverse the birming and kines and Jenerson Volunteers of this city to proceed to Carbon Hill on a special train. The two companies left here at 7 o'clock, but the train was delayed and they will not reach Carbon Hill until after 10. The Sheriff of the county is not at the scene of the trouble, and the troops were or-dered to report to the Mayor. The two com-panies carried 60 men rank and file. News-

that there is only one wire and one for all business,
All the trouble there seems to have grown out of the determination of the white miners to drive away the colored miners. The negroes, so far as can be learned, have made no resistance and no white men are reported killed or wounded. Eight hundred to 1,000

miners are employed at the Carbon Hill

Nearly all reports agree that negroes have

nines, and only 125 of them are negroes.

Shot Down Without Pro-

been shot down without provocation, and that white men concerned in the shooting defy arrest. The reports differ only as to the number of the killed and wounded. Reports from one source say six have been killed, while other reports say 16. A late telegram from Carbon Hill says that no fresh outbreak has occurred to night. The special train with the military on board arrived at Carbon Hill at 10:30 p M. The troops were joined en route by the Sheriff of the county, who knew nothing of what had occurred during the day to cause the Mayor to call out the troops.

port to the effect that only one negro had been killed to-day. There was no one at the station to meet the troops and explain what they were expected to do.

A telegram from a member of one of the

companies says they have not yet learned what the situation is. They heard one re-

TROUBLE IN THE CHURCH. A Baptist Paster Summarily Deposed 87

His Flock. SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE DISPATOR 1 ELIZABETH, N. J., Feb. 1 .- There is trouble in Shiloh Baptist Church here, which has resulted in the pastor being deposed by a vote of the congregation. This action was taken at a business meeting of the church last Thursday night, after a stormy session, and the pastor, who was present, was notified to attend a meeting of the trustees Friday night, when he would be paid off. He did not go to this meeting, but instead appeared in the church to-day and wanted to officiate. For a time it looked as if there would be a rumpus, and some of the worshipers left the room. The pastor had several sup-porters, but they were largely in the minority, and after a lively discussion, ending in the congregation ratifying the previous action, the clergyman finally con-cluded to accept the verdict of the church luded to accept the verdict of the chi and retire.

tween the pastor and Board of Trustees or financial matters. NATIONAL SANITARIUMS.

There was no service except a prayer meet-

ing, and now the congregation is looking

for another minister. The cause of the trouble is said to be the lack of harmony be-

A Doctor Who Urges the President to Utilize Abandoued Barracks, SPECIAL TRANSPART TO THE DISPARCE.1 ROSTON, Feb. 1 .- A novel scheme, but

one which seems to possess some merit, has been laid before President Harrison by Dr. William T. Parker, of Salem, who was United States army sergeant at White Earth Indian Agency, Minnesota and subsequently at posts in Texas, Indian Territory and New Mexico. He has made a specialty of lung diseases and suggests that the abandoned military posts in New Mexico and Colorado be turned into national sauitariums. Dr. Parker is deeply impressed with the extraordinary value of the climate in the alleviation and cure of con-sumption. He has traveled exten-sively in Europe and throughout the United States, and he says that nowhere in the world can consumption be so success-